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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/787,483	02/26/2004	Akira Kikuchi	07403.0004-00	7014
75	90 03/23/2005		EXAMINER	
Finnegan, Henderson, Farabow,			GUADALUPE, YARITZA	
Garrett & Dunne 1300 I Street, N	•		ART UNIT PAPER NUMBER	
Washington, De			2859	
			DATE MAILED: 03/23/2005	5

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

			H^A				
	Application No.	Applicant(s)					
	10/787,483	KIKUCHI ET AL.					
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit					
	Yaritza Guadalupe McCall	2859					
The MAILING DATE of this communication Period for Reply	on appears on the cover sheet with t	the correspondence address	•				
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR F THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICAT - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 (after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communicat - If the period for reply specified above, the maximum statutory - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ION. CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply ion. s, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (3t period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS tatute, cause the application to become ABANI	be timely filed O) days will be considered timely. From the mailing date of this communication OONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	ion.				
Status							
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on	·						
•	This action is non-final.						
3) Since this application is in condition for a	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is						
closed in accordance with the practice ur	nder <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 1	1, 453 O.G. 213.					
Disposition of Claims							
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-25</u> is/are pending in the applic	cation.						
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are wi	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.							
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-25</u> is/are rejected.							
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.							
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction	and/or election requirement.						
Application Papers			:				
9) The specification is objected to by the Ex	aminer.						
	>>> The drawing(s) filed on <u>26 February 2004</u> is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.						
Applicant may not request that any objection	to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance.	See 37 CFR 1.85(a).					
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the	correction is required if the drawing(s)	is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.12	1 (d).				
11)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by t	the Examiner. Note the attached O	ffice Action or form PTO-152.					
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119							
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for for a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority docu 2. Certified copies of the priority docu 3. Copies of the certified copies of the application from the International E * See the attached detailed Office action for	uments have been received. uments have been received in Apple e priority documents have been received (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	ication No ceived in this National Stage					
Attachment(s)	n□	(PTO 442)					
 Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-9) 	48) Paper No(s)/N	mary (PTO-413) lail Date					
3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/Paper No(s)/Mail Date 2/26/2004.		mal Patent Application (PTO-152)					

DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

1. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- 2. Claims 1 25 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102 (b) as being anticipated by Raab (US 6,606,539).

With respect to claim 1, Raab discloses a multi-joint coordinate measuring system comprising a support member (22), a multi-joint measuring arm (10) having a first end (56) for installation of a probe (See Column 6, line 11) and a second end (14) for attachment to the support member (See Figure 3), the arm including a head member (54, 56) for holding the probe, a first link (50); a second link (44); a wrist joint (57, 58) for providing a bending motion between the head member and the first link; an elbow joint (46) for providing a bending motion between the first link and the second link; and a shoulder joint (60) for providing a bending motion between the second link and the support member, a processor (16, 18) configured to produce a three-dimensional coordinate corresponding to a position of the probe based on an angle of each joint of the measuring arm (See Column 5, lines 41 – 45); and a warning indicator (20) that warns a user in response to a detection of at least one of first and

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second conditions (See Column 5, lines 35 - 45), the first condition being that an angle between the first and second links exceeds a first value and the second condition being that a distance from a supporting point of the measuring arm to a head point of the measuring arm exceeds a second value (See Column 9, lines 1 - 8).

In regards to claims 2 - 5, Raab also discloses a system wherein the processor is further operative to detect the first condition based on an angle of the elbow joint, to detect the second condition using, as the supporting point of the measuring arm, a point determined based on at least one of a position of the shoulder joint, a support member position of the second end, and a position of the support member (See Column 9, lines 17 - 40).

Regarding to claims 6 and 7, Raab teaches a system further comprising a counter balance (60), provided in association with the shoulder joint, for generating a force raising the second link on a side of the elbow joint against gravity, and wherein the warning indicator warns a user in response to a detection of at least one of the first and second conditions and a third condition, the third condition being that the shoulder joint provides the second link with a bending motion beyond a range determined based on the force generated by the counter balance, and wherein the processor uses, to produce the three-dimensional coordinate, a formula including a term for correcting an error due to a change of the force generated by the counter balance, the force varying depending on an angle of the shoulder joint (See Column 9, lines 1-8).

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In regards to claim 8, Raab also discloses a system wherein the processor is controlled not to output the three-dimensional coordinate after the detection (See Column 3, lines 1-16 and 35-52).

Regarding claim 9, Raab shows a system wherein the measuring arm further includes a first joint (57, 58) for providing a twisting motion between the head member (56) and the first link (50); a second joint (46) for providing a twisting motion between the first link (50) and the second link (44); and a third joint (60) for providing a twisting motion between the second link (44) and the support member (22).

In regards to claim 10, Raab discloses a multi-joint coordinate measuring system comprising a support member (22), a multi-joint measuring arm (10) having a first end (56) for installation of a probe and a second end (14) for attachment to the support member (22), the arm including a head member (54, 56) for holding the probe; a first link (50); a second link (44); a wrist joint (57, 58) for providing a bending motion between the head member and the first link (50); an elbow joint (46) for providing a bending motion between the first link and the second link (44); and a shoulder joint (60.) for providing a bending motion between the second link (44) and the support member (22); a processor (16, 18) configured to produce a three-dimensional coordinate corresponding to a position of the probe based on an angle of the measuring arm (See Column 5, lines 41 – 45); a counter balance (60), provided in association with the shoulder joint, for generating a force raising the second link on a side of the elbow joint

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against gravity, and a warning indicator (20) that warns a user in response to a detection of a condition that the shoulder joint provides the second link with a bending motion beyond a range determined based on the force generated by the counter balance.

With respect to claim 11, Raab teaches a system wherein the processor (16, 18) is controlled not to output the three-dimensional coordinate after the detection (See Column 3, lines 1-16 and 35-52).

Regarding claim 12, Raab further teaches a system wherein the measuring arm further includes a first joint (57, 58) for providing a twisting motion between the head member (56) and the first link (50); a second joint (46) for providing a twisting motion between the first link (50) and the second link (44); and a third joint (60) for providing a twisting motion between the second link (44) and the support member (22).

In regards to the method step of claim 13, the system disclosed by Raab could perform the method of controlling measurement by a multi-joint coordinate measuring system, the system including a support member (22), a multi-joint measuring arm (10) having a first end attached to the support member (22) and a second end, a probe installed at the second end of the measuring arm, and a processor (16, 18) capable of producing a three-dimensional coordinate corresponding to a position of the probe based on an angle of each joint of the measuring arm (See Column 5, lines 41 - 45), the method comprising the steps of detecting a parameter concerning a posture of the measuring arm exceeding a prescribed value, the prescribed value

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having been determined in accordance with a first probability that a measurement error due to a user action pulling the measuring arm away from the support member becomes out of an allowable range, and warning a user in accordance with a result of the detecting.

Regarding claim 14, Raab's system teaches a system wherein a first parameter concerning an angle between links of the measuring arm and a second parameter concerning a distance of the measuring arm's reach are used in the detecting, and the warning is performed when at least one of the first and second parameters exceeds a corresponding prescribed value.

With respect to claim 15, Raab also shows a system further capable of controlling the processor not to output the three-dimensional coordinate in accordance with a result of the detecting step.

Regarding claim 16, Raab discloses a system which will allow for additionally detecting the parameter concerning the posture of the measuring arm exceeding a limit value, the limit value corresponding to a second probability concerning the measurement error larger than the first probability, and controlling the processor not to output the three-dimensional coordinate in accordance with a result of the additional detecting.

With respect to claim 17, Raab discloses a multi-joint measuring system including a support member (22), a multi-joint measuring arm (10) having a first end attached to the support member and a second end, said system including a probe a probe installed at the second

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end (54, 56) of the measuring arm, a processor (16, 18) capable of producing a three-dimensional coordinate corresponding to a position of the probe based on an angle of each joint of the measuring arm (See Column 5, lines 41 - 45), and a counter balance (60) configured to generate a force raising the measuring arm against gravity, the system allowing the steps of detecting a parameter concerning a posture of the measuring arm exceeding a prescribed value, the prescribed value having been determined in accordance with a first probability that a measurement error due to a user action moving the measuring arm with a change in the force applied to the measuring arm by the counter balance becomes out of an allowable range; and warning a user in accordance with a result of the detecting (See Column 9, lines 1 - 8).

Regarding to claim 18, Raab teaches system further capable of controlling the processor not to output the three-dimensional coordinate in accordance with a result of the detecting (See Column 3, lines 1-16 and 35-52).

In regards to claim 19, Raab discloses a system which will allow for additionally detecting the parameter concerning the posture of the measuring arm exceeding a limit value, the limit value corresponding to a second probability concerning the measurement error larger than the first probability, and controlling the processor not to output the three-dimensional coordinate in accordance with a result of the additional detecting.

With regards to claim 20, Raab teaches a multi-joint coordinate measuring system comprising a support member (22), a multi-joint measuring arm (10) having a first end (56)

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for installation of a probe and a second end (14) for attachment to the support member (22), the arm including a head member (54,56) for holding the probe; a first link (50); a second link (44); a wrist joint (57,58) for providing a bending motion between the head member (56) and the first link (50); an elbow joint (46) for providing a bending motion between the first link (50) and the second link (44); and a shoulder joint (60) for providing a bending motion between the second link (44) and the support member (22), a counter balance (60), provided in association with the shoulder joint, for generating a force raising the second link on a side of the elbow joint against gravity, and a processor (16, 18) configured to input an angle of each joint of the measuring arm into a formula to produce a three-dimensional coordinate corresponding to a position of the probe, the formula including a term for correcting an error due to a change of the force generated by the counter balance.

Regarding claim 21, Raab also teaches a system wherein the formula includes, in association with the term, a parameter representing a deflection of the second link due to the force generated by the counter balance, the parameter being determined based on an angle of the shoulder joint.

In regards to claim 22, Raab further discloses a system wherein the measuring arm further includes a first joint (57, 58) for providing a twisting motion between the head member (54, 56) and the first link (50); a second joint (46) for providing a twisting motion between the first link (50) and the second link (44); and a third joint (60) for providing a twisting motion between the second link (44) and the support member (22).

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With respect to claim 23, the system shown by Raab including a three-dimensional coordinate by a multi-joint coordinate measuring system, the system including a support member (22), a multi-joint measuring arm (10) having a first end attached to the support member (22) and a second end, a probe installed at the second end of the measuring arm, and a counter balance (60) configured to generate a force raising the measuring arm against gravity, could allow to perform the method comprising the step of inputting a plurality of joint angle data from the measuring arm; calculating from the input data a three-dimensional coordinate corresponding to a position of the probe, by a formula including a term for correcting an error due to a change of the force generated by the counter balance, and outputting the three-dimensional coordinate.

With respect to claim 24, Raab discloses a multi-joint coordinate measuring system comprising a support member (22), a multi-joint measuring arm (10) having a first end attached to the support member, a second end (54, 56) at which a probe can be installed, and a plurality of joints (57, 58, 46, 60), a processor (16, 18) configured to produce a three-dimensional coordinate corresponding to a position of the probe based on an angle of each joint of the measuring arm, and to detect a parameter concerning a posture of the measuring arm exceeding a prescribed value, the prescribed value having been determined in accordance with a probability that a measurement error due to a user action pulling the measuring arm away from the support member becomes out of an allowable range; and a warning indicator (20) configured to warn a user in accordance with a result of the detection by the processor.

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Regarding to claim 25, Raab teaches a multi-joint coordinate measuring system comprising a support member (22), a multi-joint measuring arm (10) having a first end attached to the support member (22), a second end (54, 56) at which a probe can be installed, and a plurality of joints (57, 58, 46, 60), a counter balance (60) configured to generate a force raising the measuring arm against gravity, a processor (16, 18) configured to produce a three-dimensional coordinate corresponding to a position of the probe based on an angle of each joint of the measuring arm, and to detect a parameter concerning a posture of the measuring arm exceeding a prescribed value, the prescribed value having been determined in accordance with a probability that a measurement error due to a user action moving the measuring arm with a change in the force applied to the measuring arm by the counter balance becomes out of an allowable range; and a warning indicator (20) configured to warn a user in accordance with a result of the detection by the processor.

Conclusion

- 3. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure. The following reference are considered of relevance to the present application:
 - a. Eaton (US 6,817,108)
 - b. Sawdon (US 6,640,458)
 - c. Granger (US Pub. No. 2003/0177653)

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- d. Bieg et al. (US 6,519,860)
- e. Raab et al. (US Pub. No. 2004/0111908)
- f. Watanabe et al. (US 6,763,284)
- g. Raab et al. (US 6,253,458)
- h. Patriso et al. (US 5,930,908)
- i. Raab et al. (US 6,612,044)
- j. Catala García et al. (US Pub.No. 2004/0016309)
- k. Piko et al. (US 6,249,985)
- 1. Raab et al. (US Pub. No. 2004/0006882)
- m. Raab (US 5,794,356)
- n. Raab (US 5,412,880)
- 4. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Yaritza Guadalupe whose telephone number is (571)272 -2244. The examiner can normally be reached on 9:00 AM 6:30 PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Diego F.F. Gutierrez can be reached on (571) 272-2245. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

YGM

March 18, 2005

Yaritza Guadalupe-McCall Patent Examiner Art Unit 2859